

BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE EDUCATION:HYDERABAD

INDIAN HISTORY -I - SYLLABUS (w.e.f. 2014-15)

- Unit – I What is History : –**
Definition - Scope – Sources – Historiography – Relationship with other Social Sciences – Impact of Geography on history - Relevance of History.
- Unit – II Ancient Civilizations and Culture**
Pre Harappan Cultures - Harappan Civilization – Script, town planning, society, economy and culture - Vedic age and Post Vedic Culture.
- Unit – III Early States, Empires and Economy**
Early States – 16 Mahajanapadas - Rise of Magadha – Economy and Agriculture – urbanization.
- Unit – IV Early Societies, and religious movements**
Early Societies – Social differences – Religious movements – Jainism – Buddhism and other sects Ajjivikas and Lokayats.
- Unit – V Polity, Economy, Society and Culture between 3rd to 7th Century A.D.**
Mauryas - Kushanas – Guptas – Pushyabhuties – Origin of feudalism – Polity, Society, Economy and Culture.
- Unit – VI Deccan and South India up to 8th A.D.**
Sangam age – Satavahanas – Pallavas – Chalukyas – Rastrakutas – Cholas – Polity, Society, Economy and culture.
- Unit – VII Age of Delhi Sultanate.**
Sources/Travellers Accounts - Arab Invasions – Turkish invasions – Delhi Sultanate – Polity, Economy, Society and Culture.
- Unit – VIII Age of Mughals.**
Chronicles/Sources – Mughal rule – Babur, Humayun, Shershah, Akbar, Jahangir, ShahJahan and Aurangazeb - Polity, Economy, Society and culture - Disintegration - Maratas, Sikhs.
- Unit – IX Bhakti and Sufi Traditions 8 A.D. 16 Century A.D.**
Prevailing Religious Traditions and beliefs in the Society – Bhakti Saints and their Preachings – Sufism – Main features and their impact.
- Unit – X Deccan and South India 8th A.D – 16 the A.D.**
Sources - Kakatiyas – Vijyanagara – Bahamanis – Qutbshahis and Asafjahis – a brief survey.

Unit – XI India under the Colonial Rule

Sources - Portuguese – Dutch – French – English East India Company – Era of Governor Generals and their Polices – Reforms of Viceroys – 1857 Mutiny.

Unit – XII Indian National Movement

Background to National Movement, Socio-religious movement – rise of Nationalism – VandeMataram movement – Home rule movement – Emergence of Mahatma Gandhi and leadership – Revolutionary movement, Subhash Chandra Bose – Poona Pact Quit India movement – Partition of India – Emergence of Independent India.

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INDIAN HISTORY -I Model Question Paper (w.e.f. IPE March 2015)

Time : 3 hrs

Max Marks : 100

Section A

Answer any THREE of the following questions in not exceeding 40 lines each.

Each question carries 10 Marks

3 x 10 = 30 Marks

1. Describe the main teachings of Buddhism and its impact on Indian Society.
2. Write an essay on the Mauryan Administration.
3. Write an essay on Shivaji's administration.
4. Discuss the achievements of Krishnadevaraya.
5. Write an account of Non-cooperation movement in India.

Section B

Answer any EIGHT of the following questions in not exceeding 20 lines each.

Each question carries 5 Marks. 8 x 5 = 40 Marks

6. Describe the relationship between the History and other Social Sciences.
7. Explain the salient features of Harappan civilization.
8. What were the factors contributed for the rise of Magadhan Empire.
9. Give a brief account of greatness of Ashoka.
10. Bringout the salient aspects of Chola's local self Government.
11. Estimate the greatness of Gautamiputra Satakarni.
12. Marketing reforms of Allauddin Khilji.
13. Bringout the main features of Bhakti Preachers.
14. Describe the conquest of Bengal by Robert Clive.
15. Discuss various causes led to the outbreak of 1857 Revolt.
16. Critically examine the work of the Home Rule Movement.
17. Show the extent of Akbar's Empire and locate the following places in the given map. a) Delhi, b) Panipat, c) Kandahar, d) Khandesh

(Or)

Identify the following places of Ashokan Empire.

- a) Kalinga, b) Pataliputra, c) Taxila, d) Ujjaini, e) Sanchi

Section C

Answer any FIFTEEN of the following questions in not exceeding 5 lines each.

Each question carries 2 Marks. $15 \times 2 = 30$ Marks

18. Inscriptions.
19. Varna system.
20. Vedas.
21. What is Republic.
22. What is Jati.
23. Ajivakas.
24. Gandhara Art.
25. Sangam literature.
26. Aihole inscription.
27. Qutubminar.
28. First Battle of Panipat.
29. Humayun.
30. Sheik Salim Chisti.
31. Ramanujacharya.
32. Marcopolo.
33. Mohammad Gawan.
34. Robert Clive.
35. Dual Government Policy.
36. Rowlatt Satyagraha.
37. Simon Commission.